

Virginia Free Press.

CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, PRINTED AND PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY J. S. & H. N. GALLAHER.

VOL. 29.

THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 9, 1836.

NO. 19.

FOR SOME OF THE BEINGS... There's a voice on the river...

"Awaken, awaken! Leaf, river, and tree: Your chains I have shaken..."

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE HON. EDWARD LIVINGSTON.

The New York newspapers communicate the mournful and unexpected intelligence of the death of Mr. Livingston...

The incidents of his career are too well-known to require that brief recapitulation...

His professional labors were for many years constant and excessive...

But as a man, even more than as a statesman or a jurist...

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But as a man, even more than as a statesman or a jurist...

they were constant and spontaneous; they delighted to dwell among and cultivate the beauties of nature...

EXECUTION OF JOHN EARLS.

WILLIAMSPORT, PA., MAY 25. Yesterday, at three o'clock, the sentence of the law was executed upon JOHN EARLS...

The Sheriff, accompanied by his deputies, and Mr. Armstrong, Deputy Attorney-General...

Earls remained suspended about 20 minutes, when Dr. Ludwig, the attending physician...

Under the Spanish dominion, Texas was a separate province, occupied by three military posts...

The country, at large, in all its beauty and fertility, was left uncultivated, except by the wild horse...

They brought home this knowledge, and gave an account of its beauty, fertility, and salubrity...

Hamilton, the rioter, whose lawless course of violence and riot in this city has gained for him an unenviable notoriety...

Governor Schley, of Georgia, was, at the latest accounts, about to take the field against the Creeks...

Among the passengers in the ship Philadelphia, at New York, from London, are the Rev. W. H. Delaney...

THE PRIVATE TREASURES OF THE SOVEREIGNS OF EUROPE. From an article in the Monitor...

MURDER.—A letter from the Postmaster at Kingwood, Preston county, Va. addressed, under date of the 24th...

MEANS TO MEET LIABILITIES. Loans and discounts \$70,164,989 50 Domestic exchange \$3,794,231 43 Real estate 2,306,129 46

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Small vertical text on the left margin, likely containing advertisements or notices.



FROM TEXAS.

The New Orleans Bulletin of the 13th inst. says: The following is a copy of a letter direct from Houston's Camp, received yesterday morning by the steamer Levant, from Nachicoles, SANTA ANNA TO GEN. PHILASOLA...

Having yesterday had an unfortunate encounter, I have resolved to remain a prisoner of war in the hands of the enemy. After having taken every precaution, I therefore hope that your Excellency will cause the division under the command of General Parza, to counter-march to Bexar, where he will wait for orders...

ANTONIA LOPEZ DE SANTA ANNA. Camp San Jacinto, April 22, 1836.

Copy No. 2. Army of Operations. Excellent Sir: Inasmuch as I have ordered your Excellency by official note of the day, that you cause the troops to return to Bexar and Guadalupe Victoria, I charge you to instruct the commandants of the several divisions not to permit any damage to be done to the property of the country...

ANTONIA LOPEZ DE SANTA ANNA. Camp San Jacinto, April 22, 1836.

Copy No. 3. Army of Operations. Excellent Sir: You will immediately order the military command at Go-liad to put all the prisoners made at Capano at liberty, and send them forth to San Felipe de Austria, and for which purpose your Excellency will dictate such orders as may be conducive to the object.

ANTONIA LOPEZ DE SANTA ANNA. Camp San Jacinto, April 22, 1836.

WAR DEPARTMENT. Head Quarters Army, San Jacinto River, 7 April 28, 1836. All the troops on their march from the east will report at Head Quarters as early as possible, marching by way of Harrisburg for the present—but all turn out. The enemy have been badly defeated, and are retreating precipitately for the purpose of concentrating...

THOMAS RUSK. Secretary of War. Copy of a letter from Gen. Samuel Houston, San Jacinto, April 26, 1836. Tell our friends all the news, and that we have taken the enemy, killed 630, and taken 570 prisoners. Gen. Santa Anna and Cos are taken, and three Generals slain: vast amount of property taken, and about 1,500 stand of arms, many swords, and one nine-pound brass cannon. Tell them to come on, and let the people plant corn.

TEXAS VICTORIOUS. In the schooner Flora, just arrived, came passenger Gen. Samuel Houston, commander-in-chief of the Texan army, for the purpose of obtaining medical advice, being badly wounded. By him we have the official confirmation of the capture of Santa Anna, and also of the battle of April 21st: former accounts are substantially correct—Santa Anna was at Valasco under a strong guard. The army was left under the command of Rusk, secretary of war, who had been elected by the army. Brigadier General. The Texan force had accumulated since the battle to 1800 men, and were crossing the Braos, flushed with victory.

The Mexican army under Seizma and others, had all concentrated, and amounted to 2500 men—the remnant of 7000 that entered Texas; they were crossing the Colorado, by rafts and swimming, and were in the utmost confusion—those that escaped having reported that the late battle was fought by 5000 Texans. Col. Burlinson was close to the enemy with 200 cavalry, and they were retreating before him: 250 of the Mexicans had surrendered (after burying a piece of cannon) to the Texans. All was panic and confusion in the Mexican army.

Gen. Santa Anna had offered an armistice, which had been refused; he had made further offers to acknowledge the independence of Texas, making the Rio Grande the boundary, and remaining a hostage until the government of the United States should consent to guarantee the treaty; and it should be approved by the Senate of Mexico.

Texas was considered safe and the war ended; and the Mexican army would probably be totally destroyed—Gen. Houston has a cane presented him by Santa Anna, and also his saddle; he had been recognized by Gen. Zavala, and hundreds of others had identified him; the Mexican prisoners also shouted when he was brought in.

On tomorrow we shall be able to give a regular statement on the authority of Gen. Houston himself, who is present is at the residence of William Christy, Esq. where he is anxious to see his friends; and who would have given the particulars, had he not been so much fatigued to attempt doing so on the day of his arrival.

INDIAN TREATIES. The Globe of the 27th contains a copy of the treaty which has recently been ratified by the President and Senate, for the purchase by the United States of all the lands of the Cherokee Indians east of the Mississippi. Its leading provisions, as we find them stated in the National Intelligencer, are as follows: The sum stipulated to be paid by the United States, in consideration of this cession, is five millions of dollars. The Indians are to be transported by the United States to the west of the

Mississippi, and settled on lands specified in the Treaty, &c. Of the five millions of dollars purchase money, the following sums are to be invested by the United States, "in some safe and most productive stocks of the country," for the benefit of the whole emigrant Cherokee nation: For a General National Fund, \$2,000,000 For an Agricultural Fund, 500,000 For an Education Fund, 150,000 For an Amusement Fund, 100,000 The annuity of \$10,000 a year, to which the halion is now entitled, is to be committed for a sum of \$314,000, to be invested by the President of the United States as a part of the National Fund.

A supplementary article stipulates for the payment of an additional sum of \$500,000 of the United States, to defray the expense of removing the Cherokees, and to cover all claims for "Spoilations," by which indefinite phrase we do not very well know what is meant; and adds \$100,000 more to the General National Fund.

We further learn from the Globe that a deputation of Indian Chiefs, from the Chickasaw tribes residing on Lake St. Clair, and on Saginaw bay of Lake Huron, under the charge of Mr. Williams and Mr. M'Night of Michigan, arrived at Washington on the 19th inst., and on Tuesday last concluded a treaty with H. R. Schoolcraft, commissioner on the part of the United States, by which all the reservations heretofore held by them in the State of Michigan have been ceded to the United States. The lands purchased by Government are among the most valuable in the peninsula of Michigan, and may be considered a great acquisition to the Government.

Movement of Troops southward.—About 70 U. S. Marines, under Lieut. Col. Miller, arrived here in the Philadelphia boat, yesterday, and took the Norfolk boat, to join the command under Col. Henderson, destined to Alabama, to operate against the Creek Indians.

What does this mean?—In a late debate in the House of Representatives, Mr. Everett of Vt. stated, that "he had matter to communicate to them, which hitherto has been unknown to the public, and to the House, which will command and astound their attention, in regard to the origin of the Seminole war, and the means by which it has been protracted. He would pledge himself to show that the Government at one time had it in their power to avert it, and did not; he would not interrupt the progress of this bill by bringing forward his statements, but he would take an early opportunity to do it."

FOREIGN. FROM ENGLAND. The packet ship St. Andrew, at New York brings London papers to the 9th, and Liverpool to the 7th May, inclusive. The Journal of Commerce extracts from them the following items: THE SLAVE TRADE.—We learn (says the Courier Francais) that a Convention for the suppression of the Slave Trade has just been signed by the Minister for Foreign Affairs and the Swedish Minister, who, on Friday, sent it off by express to Stockholm.

LONDON, May 5.—Advices from Lisbon of the 20th ultimo, have reached us, via Spain. They announce the formation of the new Portuguese Ministry. The Prince of Cosburg is said to have influenced the event. The following are the new Ministers: Presidency of Council, Duke de Terceira, Foreign Affairs, Count de Vallarad, Navy, Gonzales de Miranda, Finance, M. Carvalho, Interior, M. Jose Prestre, Justice, M. Antonio de Aguiar.

Though the Duke de Palmella have no particular portefeuille, he is to superintend the negotiation and treaties with foreign Powers. The appointments were to be officially announced on the 21st.

KING OTHO.—The Journal des Debats has advices from Athens, announcing that the insurrection in Arcarnania has become a serious one, and that King Otho is about to assume the Greek national costume. We learn from Munich, that the 5th is the day fixed for the departure of King Otho from Athens for Germany.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.—Friday Evening, May 6.—There is no change to remark in the prices of Cotton generally since last week. The trifling improvement which was observable in American description, in the earlier part of the week, has since been lost, and the market closes heavily at our last quotations. The sales of the week, including 1500 American and 300 Surat, for export, amount to 18,190 bags. Import 7,044 bags.

LONDON MARKET, May 6.—Notwithstanding the great decline in British plantation, which has occasioned a revival in the demand, and the tendency of Foreign Cotton appears to be upwards, the quantity lately offering has been extensive, and sales have been made of St. Domingo at 53s. and 54s.; now the holders refuse to sell under 56s.; Brazil 51s. 54s. The prices of British Wools remain firm, and are likely to continue so, owing to the light stock on hand.

The second great Coffee sale is considered by the trade as in prices just about the same with the first. A successful expedition has been recently made in an iron steambot, from England, up the river Niger. She ascended two hundred miles, and found every where a friendly disposition among the natives, and a strong inclination to trade.

Editor of the Boston Atlas says: he has letters before him from a distinguished gentleman in London, stating that the Austrian and Prussian Governments, at the instigation of and in concert with Russia, are about to transport to the United States an additional number of unfortunate Poles, who had sought an asylum at Cracow.

The Bill for the re-organization of the Post-Office Department has passed the House of Representatives, and is now before the Senate. There appearing to be some misunderstanding as to the salaries of Clerks, &c. authorized by the bill as it was amended and passed in the House, we have transcribed the several allowances of that nature from the bill, and now give them to our readers, as follows:—

Table listing salaries for various positions: Assistant Postmasters-General, each \$2,500; Chief Clerk, 1,700; Three Principal Clerks, each 1,400; Ten Clerks, each 1,200; Eight Clerks, each 800; Two Additional Messengers, each 350; Auditor of the Post Office, Chief Clerk, 1,700; Ten Clerks, each 1,300; Twenty Clerks, each 1,000; Eight Clerks, each 800; Messenger, 400; Two Assistants, each 750.

THE SURPLUS REVENUE.—Our readers will have observed that the debate in the Senate on the bill "to regulate the deposits of the public money," resulted, on Tuesday, in the commitment of the bill, together with all the amendments which had been proposed to it, to a select committee of nine members, to consider of the whole matter and report thereon. The committee was appointed by ballot, to consist of the following members, namely:—

- Mr. WEBSTER, of New York, Chairman. Mr. CALHOUN, of South Carolina. Mr. WEBSTER, of Massachusetts. Mr. KING, of Alabama. Mr. BUCHANAN, of Pennsylvania. Mr. SHEPHERD, of Maine. Mr. LEE, of Virginia. Mr. HENNING, of Indiana. Mr. EVING, of Ohio.

We learn that the deliberations of the committee have resulted in the adoption, substantially, of the plan proposed by Mr. Webster, on Tuesday, in his amendment for the disposition of the surplus money of the Government, which amendment was as follows:—

And be it further enacted, That the money which shall be in the Treasury of the United States on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, reserving millions, shall be divided among the several States in proportion to their respective amount of population, as ascertained by the last census, and according to the provisions of the second section of the first article of the Constitution; and the Secretary of the Treasury shall pay the same to such persons as the several States may in writing appoint, in the following proportions, and at the following times, viz: one half on the first day of April, 1837; one quarter part on the 1st day of July, 1837; and the remaining quarter on the 1st day of October, 1837; and all States which shall receive their proportion according to the provisions of this act shall be taken and understood hereby to pledge the public faith of such States to repay the same, or any part thereof, to the United States, whenever Congress shall require the same to be repaid by an act or acts which shall require such payment rateable, and in equal proportion, from all the States which shall receive the same.

THE TIME OF THE SENATE (on Friday). was principally occupied upon the bill to extend the charters of the Banks of the District of Columbia (and to consolidate the Bank of Washington and the Patriotic Bank.) It was debated to a late hour, but not finally disposed of.

PREVIOUS to the adjournment of the Senate, Mr. Wright, from the select committee raised on the subject, reported a bill concerning the surplus public money, substantially embracing the principle of the amendment proposed by Mr. Webster, and lately published by us.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, besides other business, a bill was finally passed (having previously passed the Senate) of a good deal of interest to the People of MISSOURI.—It extends the boundary of that State westward to the Missouri river, adding to the existing territorial limits of the State perhaps a million or a million and a half of acres.

The bill from the Senate to make the annual sessions of Congress hereafter commence on the first Monday of November (instead of December) in every year, and to make the first session of every Congress terminate on the 2d Monday in May, was taken up, and, by the aid of the Previous Question, finally passed.

The latter part of the day was occupied in debate upon the bill providing for the expenses of the Indian Department, &c.—[Nat. Intel.]

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

THE GREAT MATCH RACE.—The great trial of speed between the North and South came off yesterday on the Union Course, E. I. Never since the great race between Eclipse and Henry, has the sporting world been so much excited. Confident of success, the partisans of the North had their bets in order to induce the Southern sportsmen to back their favorite steed, but without effect. The Southern understood their game, and played it well. Flushed with the anticipations of an easy victory, the backers of the northern horses at length were inconsiderate enough to propose large odds on the event; three to two were freely offered and as freely accepted, and bets to an enormous amount were consequently made. John Bascomb, a horse of great Southern celebrity, was the selected champion of that part of the Union, whilst Post Boy, of equal distinction on the turf, was the chosen favorite of the Northern Sportsmen.

At an early hour yesterday, the steamboats were crowded with vehicles of every description, from coach and four, down to the humble cart, and with pedestrians of all sorts and sizes. The road from Brooklyn to the race course presented a most lively scene, and from the hours of ten to one a living stream appeared to pass along it; the number of spectators on the course is variously estimated from fifteen to twenty thousand, and the scene was one of the most exciting ever witnessed. The backers of Post Boy were prodigal in their offers to bet, and found ready customers.

At a few minutes before two o'clock the bugle sounded a call for the competitors, and the steeds were brought to the starting post. They both appeared to be in perfect condition. John Bascomb is a bright chestnut, and Post Boy a dark bay. On the tap of the drum they started in beautiful style, and at a rattling pace, Post Boy taking the inner track. At the end of the first half mile Bascomb took the lead and kept it during the whole heat, coming in at least fifty yards ahead of his antagonist. Neither of the horses appeared the least distressed. The backers of Post Boy still retained confidence in their favorite, and offered trifling odds that he would win the succeeding heat. Their opponents were not slow in accepting their offers, and bets to a considerable amount were again made on the event. The time of running the first heat was seven minutes, forty nine seconds, in the following proportions:—

Table showing race times: 1st mile, 2 minutes, 3 seconds; 2d do, 1 do 52 do; 3d do, 1 do 54 do; 4th do, 1 do 57 do. Total time: 7 49.

TRIAL OF RICHARD P. ROBINSON. In the court of Oyer and Terminer, New York—Before Judge Edwards, Alderman Benson, Banks, Randall and Ingraham.

The Court opened at 10 o'clock, for the purpose of trying Richard P. Robinson, charged with the murder of Ellen Jewett.

Long before the hour of opening every avenue to the Court room was crowded with persons anxious to witness the trial, and in less than five minutes after the doors were opened, every seat within the bar was occupied.

Before impanneling the jury, the counsel for the prisoner requested that the names of the jurors to be called over, and twenty-one only answered to their names. The prisoner was then informed of his right to challenge peremptorily twenty jurors, and as many more for cause as he chooseth.

The impanneling of the jury then commenced, when seven jurors only were sworn, the other fourteen having been either peremptorily challenged or excused. The following are the names of the seven: Isaac Winslow, Barth Skidmore, Daniel Comstock, Joseph M. Slay, Perry Jewett, James S. Schermernoth, Edward D. Baker.

The District Attorney then suggested to the Court that Talesmen be called from among individuals who were not within the walls of the Court. He made this suggestion on the ground that the persons in Court might be biased. The Sheriff was then despatched to procure them. After a lapse of about half an hour, Joseph Hopkins and Jereb Bull were sent in—the former of whom was peremptorily challenged, and the latter sworn.

After a farther interval of nearly half an hour, no other talesmen were sent in, and the hour of one having arrived, our reporter was compelled to leave the Court.

The examination of Rosina Townsend, the keeper of the house in which the murder was committed, occupied some time, and is reported at length. The details are rather disgusting—her testimony goes to the point of Robinson's identity and his being in the room of the deceased on the night of the murder.

It is said that a young sister of Robinson, confined in Bellevue prison for the murder of Ellen Jewett, has arrived in this city, from Durham, Connecticut, and visits her unhappy brother in his cell every day, cheering him by that sympathy which a sister only knows, relieving his wounded spirit, and binding up his almost broken heart. She is said to be a most beautiful and accomplished girl, about sixteen years of age.

The Law of Strikes.—The trial of a number of Journeymen Tailors, for a conspiracy to injure trade and commerce, and for a riot and assault and battery, which has been in progress several days in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, New York, resulted, on Monday, in the conviction of all the parties indicted. The jury recommended them to the clemency of the Court.

The counsel for the accused, excepted to the Judge's charge, and wished signature, which he denied. Judge Edwards stated that he would sentence the defendants on Monday next, and the Court was adjourned until Wednesday at 10 o'clock, when Shannon will be put upon his trial for forgery.

Col. AARON BURR is, as we are informed, lying exceedingly ill, and it is feared, on his death bed.—[N. Y. Sun.]

The packets are still detained. We learn that the Hon. Mr. Stevenson, the Minister to the Court of St. James, goes out in the Montreal. Theodore S. Fay, Esq., is attached to the Legation, and goes out in the same packet.

In the Pennsylvania House of Representatives, on the 30th ult., Mr. Stevens, from the Committee appointed on that subject, made a Report, accompanied with the following resolutions: Resolved, That the Slave-holding States alone have the power to control and regulate domestic slavery in their own limits. Resolved, That Congress does possess the constitutional authority, and it is expedient to abolish slavery and the slave trade within the District of Columbia.

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Upon the question of engrossment, the Senate (12 members absent) was equally divided, as follows: YEAS—Messrs. Black, Brown, Buchanan, Calhoun, Culbert, Goldsborough, Grundy, King, of Alabama, King, of Georgia, Moore, Nicholas, Preston, Rivers, Robinson, Tallmadge, Walker, White, Wright—18. NAYS—Messrs. Benton, Clay, Davis, Ewing, of Ill., Ewing, of Ohio, Hendricks, Hubbard, Kent, Morris, Niles, Prentiss, Ruggles, Shepley, Southard, Swift, Tomlinson, Wall, Webster—18.

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**VARIETY.**  
**A PRECAUTION.**  
Pat Murphy my footman, desirous to suit, and so quick on his errands to go, had walked till he fairly laid down in his bed. A little round hole at the foot.

Next morning I saw him in my work. (I scarcely could ask him for laughter.) To the bed he was lying on his back with a fork. "Why Pat," says he, "what are you after?" "Faith master," says he, "you're a long way from home."

The cause I don't wish to conceal. To let all the world know that in the footman's bed he was lying on his back with a fork.

A clergyman took for his text the following words: "Yow and yow unto the Lord thy cows." An Indian heard him, very attentively, and stepping up to the pulpit, thus addressed him: "I, yow, I, yow, home with you, Mr. Minister." "You must go, then," replied the parson. The Indian afterwards vowed to have supper, and then to stay all night. "You may, replied the clergyman, "but I know you shall go home in the morning."

The Law Magazine relates an anecdote of Sergeant Davy—a distinguished lawyer in the time of Lord Mansfield—that being once called to account by his brethren on the western circuit, for disgracing the profession, by accepting silver of a client, he replied: "I took silver because I could not get gold; but I took every sixpence the fellow had in the world, and I hope you don't call that disgracing the profession."

**A Marriage Man.**—A fine-looking fellow, named John Cowan, was sentenced to the New York Penitentiary in 1833, for bigamy. He was released about three weeks ago, when, on being asked by several gentlemen how many wives he really had, he gave the names of no less than twenty-seven.

He avows his resolution to have a hundred before he dies. His great ambition is to outdo the Dey of Algiers. He is now busily at work anxious to make up for the time lost in the Penitentiary.

**Indian Virtue.**—A married woman, of the Shawnee nation, made this beautiful reply to a man whom she met in the woods, and who implored her to love and look on him. "Oulama, my husband," said she, "who is forger before my eyes, hinders me from seeing you."

**Horace Walpole** related an anecdote of a humane gaoler, in Oxfordshire, who made the following application to one of his condemned prisoners. "My good friend, I have a little favor to ask of you, which, from your obliging disposition, I doubt not you will readily grant. You are ordered for execution on Friday week. I have a particular engagement on that day; if it makes no difference to you, would you say next Friday instead?"

**Noisy Children.**—An old lady reading an account of the death of a venerable and distinguished lawyer, who was stated to be "the father of the Philadelphia bar," exclaimed, "poor man! he had a dreadful noisy set of children!"

**DR. POWELL'S**  
**RE-ANIMATING VEGETABLE TINCTURE.**  
HAS for more than 40 years, in private practice, proved uniformly successful in disorders of the stomach, bowels, &c., as stated in the Directions. Added to this, it has proved its powerful re-animating quality, during the epidemic cholera, in the East Indies, in 1817, as is known to many in the city, particularly in the Eighth Ward, of which Dr. J. W. Powell was appointed Assistant Surgeon, and out of more than 20 cases, he did not lose one patient. It was this Tincture, given fully strong, wild or Peppermint Tea, which proved fully successful to arrest the cholera in its first stages, and in the subsequent stages, it arrested the symptoms, and gave time for the operation of the other necessary medicine, as stated in Dr. J. W. Powell's account of his treatment of that disorder.

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I hereby certify, that I was long time afflicted with the Cholera, which at length became so bad, that my life was despaired of on every side, but that, by the use of Dr. Powell's Re-animating Vegetable Tincture, I was restored to health, and that from the use of Dr. Powell's Re-animating Vegetable Tincture (which relieved the breathing speedily) and his Asthmatic and Laxative Pills, I have been relieved from more than two years' distress from my attack of the Cholera, and now enjoy good health.

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**PLAIBLE (IMPORTED.)**  
THIS celebrated English race and stallion, just imported by Dr. Merrill, will make his first season in the United States (in the first of July) at his stable about 21 miles west of Baltimore in Clarke county, Virginia, at \$30 the leap. If paid the moment the service is performed, if not, then it will be considered and charged as the season; \$50 the season, which may be discharged by the payment of \$10 if paid before the 25th day of July next; and afterwards, to be paid for each service, as above. Greatly reduced for services on a horse. Greatly reduced for services on a horse. Greatly reduced for services on a horse.

**Worcester and Potomac RAIL ROAD COMPANY.**  
July 29, 1833.  
THE WORCESTER and Potomac Railroad Company will contract for a large quantity of PINE WOOD, to be delivered at their Depots at Annapolis, Spring and Hagerstown, Maryland, by the route of the 1st of September next, or earlier if practicable. The wood is to be cut in lengths of 4 feet, and to be corded up at the expense of the contractor.

**NEW SPRING GOODS.**  
NOW receiving and opening a large and general assortment of the season's Goods. G. W. HAMMOND, April 14, 1836.

**SPRING GOODS.**  
M. & C. W. AISQUITH are now opening their SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, and invite the attention of their customers and the public generally. Charleston, April 7, 1836.

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**The Thoroughbred Race Horse, TYRANT.**  
IS A DARK CHESTNUT, 7 years old this Spring, 16 hands high, of fine form and beautiful action. He is one of the largest and best Race Horses.

**TYRANT.**  
Will stand the ensuing season, commencing on the 24th March, and terminating on the 10th July, at Chantons, in Stafford County, Virginia, at the moderate price of \$30, which may be discharged by the payment of \$20 within the season, and \$10 more.

**PERFORMANCES.**  
TYRANT has run nineteen races, winning ten, and being beaten in the remainder. In his first race, he was beaten by one to four mile heats, he has displayed remarkable speed, as well as enduring bottom. He won, at Middleburg, 2 mile heats, beating Hester Bay and others, in two heats with ease. Time, 3m. 35s. - 3m. 25s. Course said to be eighty yards over the mile. He was again beaten, on the 11th, 1833, the Jockey Club purse of \$500 at Washington City, D. C. four miles and repeat, in two heats beating the noted gelding, Bachelor dropping in the distance the first heat. The 2d heat was run in 7m. 57s. the best 3d heat ever made over that course, and remarkably consistent throughout the race, running over a mile, and very heavy at the finish.

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**BYRON.**  
The property of Col. Wm. R. Johnson and Josiah Wm. Ware.

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**VOL.**  
**HOP.**  
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